

BBF-003-1016026

Seat No.

B. Sc. (CBCS) (Sem. VI) Examination

July - 2021

IC-601: Dyes & Intermediates

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 1016026

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks: 70]

- **Instructions**: (1) Question paper carries total 10 questions.
 - (2) All the question have general option & carry 14 marks each.
 - (3) Answer any 5 questions out to total 10 questions.
 - (4) Draw labeled diagram wherever necessary & Assume suitable data.
- 1 (A) Answer the following questions.
 - (1) Royal purple is also known as _____.
 - (2) Give a name of first natural dye.
 - (3) Resonance theory is also known as _____.
 - (4) $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^*$ transition requires highest energy. True/False?
 - (B) Answer in brief.

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(1) Write a short note on Mordant dye.

	(C)	Ans	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Explain in brief: Requisites of true dye.	
	(D)	Wri	te a note on.	5
		(1)	Discuss Natural dyes in detail.	
2	(A)	Ans	wer the following questions.	4
		(1)	Chromophore-Auxochrome" theory is also known as	
			·	
		(2)	On which substrate, the dyeing of basic dye is possible?	
		(3)	The process in which the color transferred to substrate	
			being dyed is called	
		(4)	Armstrong's theory is used for only quinonoid structure. True/False?	
	(B)	Ans	wer in brief.	2
		(1)	Define:	
			(1) Color fastness	
			(2) Sublimation fastness.	
	(C)	Ans	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Give reason: Benzene, Naphthalene & Anthracene are colorless, Naphthacene is yellow, Pentacene is blue &	
			Graphite is black in color.	
	(D)	Wri	te a note on.	5
		(1)	Explain Valence Bond Theory in detail.	

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3	(A)	Answer the following questions.		4
		(1)	Which catalyst is used in manufacturing of chlorobenzene from benzene?	
		(2)	2-Naphthol-6, 8-disulphonic acid is the IUPAC name of G- acid. True/False?	
		(3)	Lunge nitro meter is used for the quantitative estimation of	
		(4)	Anthraquinone is produce by oxidation of	
	(B)	Ansv	wer in brief.	2
		(1)	Write a reaction of Chicago acid.	
	(C)	Ansv	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Write a short note on Sulphonation of toluene with diagram.	
	(D)	Writ	e a note on.	5
		(1)	Explain various experimental techniques of TLC in detail.	
4	(A)	Ansv	wer the following questions.	4
		(1)	Atwhich temperature Naphthalene-1-Sulphonicacid is obtained from naphthalene?	
		(2)	$HN0_3$ + H_2S0_4 is known as	
		(3)	0-Nitro anisole is obtained from 0-Nitro chlorobenzene in presence of NaOCH ₃ . True/False?	
		(4)	Give IUPAC name of NW acid.	

	(B)	Answer in brief.		
		(1)	Enlist any four advantages of TLC.	
	(C)	Ansv	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Enlist various superiority of TLC over other chromatography techniques.	
(D)		Writ	e a note on.	5
		(1)	Explain manufacturing of H-acid with neat & clean diagram in detail.	
5	(A)	Ansv	wer the following questions.	4
		(1)	The dye contains -N=N- chromophoric group is known as	
		(2)	Benzopurpurin dye is obtained from 3,3'-dimethyl 4, 4'-diamino Stilbene. True/False?	
		(3)	In reverse method of diazotization compound is stable due to (Zwitter ion/ Anion)	
		(4)	In sub-classes of azo dye, M stands for what?	
	(B)	Ansv	wer in brief.	2
		(1)	Write only a reaction for manufacturing of Naphthol blue black-R.	
	(C)	Ansv	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Explain manufacturing of Naphthol Blue Black in brief.	
	(D)	Writ	e a note on.	5
		(1)	Explain in detail; Manufacturing of Sirius Supra Blue 3RLwith neat & clean diagram.	
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	(A)	Answer the following questions.		4
		(1)	Congo red dye is an example of direct dye. True/False?	
		(2)	Brilliant yellow dye is also known as	
		(3)	Give a name of starting reactant for manufacturing of Rosanthrene-0 dye.	
		(4)	In sub-classes of azo dye A stands for?	
	(B)	Ansv	wer in brief.	2
		(1)	Write a short note on direct method for diazotization.	
	(C)	Ansv	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Write a reactions:	
			(a) Rosanthrene-0	
			(b) Bismarck brown	
	(D)	Writ	e a note on.	5
		(1)	Explain in detail: Manufacturing of direct Yellow-4 dye with neat & clean diagram.	
7	(A)	Angs	wer the following questions.	4
	()	AllS	wer the following questions.	4
	()	(1)	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False?	7
	()		Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission.	•
	()	(1)	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor.	•
	()	(1)(2)(3)	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor. (Rubber line/ Enameled cast iron)	7
	(B)	(1)(2)(3)(4)	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor. (Rubber line/ Enameled cast iron) Poor capacity balance is the limitation of	2
		(1)(2)(3)(4)Answ	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor. (Rubber line/ Enameled cast iron) Poor capacity balance is the limitation of Clarifier is also known as	
		(1)(2)(3)(4)Answ(1)	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor. (Rubber line/ Enameled cast iron) Poor capacity balance is the limitation of Clarifier is also known as wer in brief:	
	(B)	(1)(2)(3)(4)Answ(1)	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor. (Rubber line/ Enameled cast iron) Poor capacity balance is the limitation of Clarifier is also known as wer in brief: Enlist any four properties of Disperse dye.	2
	(B)	 (1) (2) (3) (4) Answ (1) Answ (1) 	Absorption method is used to control gaseous emission. True/False? Bromination reaction is done in reactor. (Rubber line/ Enameled cast iron) Poor capacity balance is the limitation of Clarifier is also known as wer in brief: Enlist any four properties of Disperse dye. wer in detail.	2

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8	(A)	Ans	wer the following questions.	4
		(1)	Stilbene derivatives are the class of (Optical brightener/ Fluorescent whitener)	
		(2)	Scrubber is used for controlling Air pollution. True/False?	
		(3)	Give a full form of PLC.	
		(4)	In acidic condition, alkylation reaction is carried out in	
			(Enameled cast iron of gla! line /Mild steel)	
	(B)	Ans	wer in brief.	2
		(1)	Enlist various methods for controlling gaseous emission.	
	(C)	Ans	wer in detail.	3
		(1)	Explain in brief: Plant layout.	
	(D)	Writ	te a note on.	5
		(1)	Discuss various limitations of poor plant layout in deta	il.
9	(A)	Ans	wer the following questions:	4
		(1)	Low labor cost is an advantage of (Reactive dye/ Pigment)	
		(1)(2)		
			(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process	
		(2)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False?	
	(B)	(2)(3)(4)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False? Give a name of first reactive dye.	2
	(B)	(2)(3)(4)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False? Give a name of first reactive dye. Thefirst vat dye is introduced in	2
	(B) (C)	(2) (3) (4) Ansv (1)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False? Give a name of first reactive dye. Thefirst vat dye is introduced in wer in brief.	2
	, ,	(2) (3) (4) Ansv (1)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False? Give a name of first reactive dye. Thefirst vat dye is introduced in wer in brief. Enlist various advantages & Disadvantages of Vat dye.	
	, ,	(2) (3) (4) Ansv (1) Ansv (1)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False? Give a name of first reactive dye. Thefirst vat dye is introduced in wer in brief. Enlist various advantages & Disadvantages of Vat dye. wer in detail: Write a synthesis for Procion Brilliant Red-5B &	
	(C)	(2) (3) (4) Ansv (1) Ansv (1)	(Reactive dye/ Pigment) Better output is the advantage of continuous process for dyeing. True/False? Give a name of first reactive dye. Thefirst vat dye is introduced in wer in brief. Enlist various advantages & Disadvantages of Vat dye. wer in detail: Write a synthesis for Procion Brilliant Red-5B & Pyranthrone dye.	3

10	(A)	Answer the following questions.		4
		(1)	Reactive red can be prepared from?	
		(2)	Vat dye has Very good chemical stability. True/False?	
		(3)	The stability of reactive dye is due to? (Covalent bond/ Hydrogen bond)?	
		(4)	Pyranthrone dye is also known as	
	(B)	Ans	wer in brief.	2
		(1)	Write only a reaction for Flavanthrone dye.	
	(C)	Ans	wer in detail :	3
		(1)	Discuss manufacturing of Indigotin dye by sand Mayer's process in brief.	
	(D)	Writ	te a note on.	5
		(1)	Explain manufacturing of Indigotin dye by Bayer synthesis in detail.	